Annual Drinking Water Quality Report

Talquin Electric Cooperative, Inc. is pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Water Quality Report. We want to keep you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered to you over the past year. Our goal is, and always has been, to provide you a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. Our groundwater source is deep wells which draw from the Floridan Aquifer System. The Floridan Aquifer is the source of drinking water for the majority of the water systems in Florida. Because of the excellent quality of our water, the only treatment required is chlorine for disinfection purposes.

All Talquin Electric's water systems are routinely monitored for contaminants according to federal and state laws. This table shows the results of our monitoring for the period January 1 to December 31, 2023. As authorized and approved by EPA, the state has reduced monitoring requirements for certain contaminants to less often than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of our data, though representative, may be more than one year old.

The source of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) includes rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, contact Chris Colson, Talquin Electric's Manager of Water Services, at 850-926-0607. There are no regularly scheduled public meetings related to water services;

however, if you wish to meet with a Talquin Electric representative, please call Talquin Electric's water services at the number above to schedule an appointment.





Talquin Electric Coopera P.O. Box 1679



TALQUIN
ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE, INC.
WATER & WASTEWATER, INC.

SWEETWATER

2023 WATER QUALITY REPORT

SWEETWATER WATER SYSTEM TEST RESULTS TABLE							
Contaminant and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL Violation Y/N			MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination

Radiological Contaminants							
Alpha emitters (pCi/l)	Oct 2018	N	2.3	N/A	0	15	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 226 or combined radium (pCi/l)	Oct 2018	N	0.9	N/A	0	5	Erosion of natural deposits

Inorganic Contaminants								
Barium (ppm)	Dec 2021	N	0.11	N/A	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits	
Fluoride (ppm)	Dec 2021	N	0.7	N/A	4	4.0	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. Water additive which promotes strong teeth when at the optimum level 0.7 ppm	
Sodium (ppm)	Dec 2021	N	27	N/A	N/A	160	Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil	

Lead and Copper (Tap Water) 90th Percentile MCLG AL Contaminant and Dates of sampling AL Exceeded No. of sampling sites Likely source of contamination Unit of Measurement (mo./yr.) Y/N Result exceeding the AL (Action Level) Ν Corrosion of household plumbing 0.011 1.3 Copper (tap water) Sept 2021 0 of 5 1.3 systems; erosion of natural deposits; (ppm) leaching from wood preservatives Ν 0.7 15 Lead (tap water) (ppb) 0 of 5 Sept 2021 Corrosion of household plumbing systems, erosion of natural deposits

Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products									
Disinfectant or Contamination and Unit of Measurement	Dates of sampling (mo./yr.)	MCL or MRDL Violation Y/N	Level Detected		MCLG or MRDLG	MCL or MRDL	Likely source of contamination		
Chlorine (ppm) (Stage 1)	JanDec. 2023	N	1.5	0.80-2.20	MRDLG=4	MRDL=4.0	Water additive used to control microbes		
Haloacetic Acids (five) (HAA5) (ppb)	Sep 2021	N	6.21	N/A	N/A	MCL=60	By-product of drinking water disinfection		
TTHM [total trihalomethanes] (ppb)	Sep 2021	N	12.31	N/A	N/A	MCL=80	By-product of drinking water disinfection		

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. Non-detect or "ND" means not detected and indicates that the substance was not found To help you better understand these terms, we have provided the following definitions: by laboratory analysis.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed Non applicable (n/a). Does not apply. in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

 $Maximum\ Contaminant\ Level\ Goal\ or\ MCLG:\ The\ level\ of\ a\ contaminant\ in\ drinking\ Parts\ per\ million\ (ppm)\ or\ Milligrams\ per\ liter\ (mg/l)\ -\ one\ part\ by\ weight\ of\ analyte\ to\ analyte\ to\$ water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample. in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that the addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLG's do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter ($\mu g/l$) – one part by weight of analyte to

Picocurie per liter (pCi/l) – measure of the radioactivity in water.

Many of our systems have a natural occurring trace of fluoride in the source water. No additional fluoride is added.

The Sweetwater Water System is provided water from 1 well.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We are proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- (A) Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and
- (B) Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- (C) Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agricultural, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.
- (D) Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.
- (E) Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Talquin Electric is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Water Hotline or http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

In 2023 the Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our system and a search of the data sources indicated no potential sources of contamination near our wells. The assessment results are available on the FDEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at prodapps.dep. state.fl.us/swapp/ or they may be obtained from Chris Colson at (850) 926-0607. As you have reviewed the test results, you have seen the excellent quality of drinking water Talquin Electric has provided you in the past year. Talquin Electric's Board of Directors, Management and employees will continue to strive to provide an excellent quality of drinking water and service in the future.